

RAILWAY | SSC | STATE EXAMS



Mathematical Inequality Questions Overview

Mathematical Inequality Questions have a good weightage in the Banking Exam and the type of question asked in Banking exam is similar to the question mentioned below. It has been solved and explained by Gargi.ai Experts and they have tried to elaborate the concept used in Mathematical Inequality Questions.

Mathematical Inequality Questions

Directions: In the following questions, the symbols @, #, %, \$ and © are used with the following meaning as illustrated below- 'P#Q' means 'P is neither greater than nor equal to Q' 'P©Q' means 'P is neither equal to nor smaller than Q' 'P%Q' means 'P is neither smaller than nor greater than Q' 'P\$Q' means 'P is not smaller than Q' 'P@Q' means 'P is not greater than Q' 'P\$Q' means 'P is not smaller than Q' 'P@Q' means 'P is not greater than Q' Now in each of the following questions assuming the given statement to be true, find which of the three conclusions I, II and III given below them is/are definitely true and give your answer accordingly.

Question		
Statements: P @ S % Y, T © Y Conclusions: I. T © S	II. P # T	III. Y \$ P
Difficulty : Moderate	Avera	ge Time : 72 Seconds
Options : 1. Only I and III are true		
2. Only II and III are true		
3. Only I and II are true		
4. All are true		
5. None of these		
Solution		
The correct answer is Option 4 i.e. All are true		
Statements: P@S%Y.T©Y		

P S = Y, T > Y

Conclusions:

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I. $T \odot S - T > S - True (S = Y T)$ II. P # T - P T - True (P S = Y T)

III. $Y \ P - Y \ P - True (P \ S = Y)$

Hence the correct answer is All are true.



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