



Mathematical Inequality Questions Overview

Mathematical Inequality Questions have a good weightage in the Banking Exam and the type of question asked in Banking exam is similar to the question mentioned below. It has been solved and explained by Gargi.ai Experts and they have tried to elaborate the concept used in Mathematical Inequality Questions.

Mathematical Inequality Questions

Directions: In the following questions, the symbols @, #, %, \$ and © are used with the following meaning as illustrated below- 'P#Q' means 'P is neither greater than nor equal to Q' 'P©Q' means 'P is neither equal to nor smaller than Q' 'P%Q' means 'P is neither smaller than nor greater than Q' 'P\$Q' means 'P is not smaller than Q' 'P@Q' means 'P is not greater than Q' Now in each of the following questions assuming the given statement to be true, find which of the three conclusions I, II and III given below them is/are definitely true and give your answer accordingly.

Question

Statements: A # E, G % C @ D, E \$ G Conclusions: I. D © A II. G % D III. D © G

Difficulty : Moderate Average Time : 72 Seconds

Options:

- 1. Only II and either I or III is true
- 2. Only I and II is true
- 3. Only III is true
- 4. Either II or III is true
- 5. All are true

Solution

The correct answer is Option 4 i.e. Either II or III is true

Statements: A # E, G % C @ D, E \$ G

AE, G=CD, EG

Conclusions:

Page No: 1







I. D \odot A – D > A – **False** (A E G = C D; opposite signs between the element.)

II. G % D - G = D - False (G = C D; D G)

III. $D \odot G - D > G - False (G = C D D G)$

Individually conclusions II and III are false, but in the combined form they made the complementary pair and follow the condition of either or.

Hence the correct answer is Either II or III is true.



Page No: 2